**Introduction:**

Indus Future Foundation (IFF) emerged as the result of some likeminded persons who are or have been associated with the national and international organizations. These organizations worked during super flood of 2010 in Pakistan. It was also felt that there were some capacity issues of the organization who were active during the emergency 2010 throughout Sindh.

The issues such as floods, continuous climate change, and law & order situation, socio-economic vulnerability have become the fate of Pakistan and particularly of Sindh province, which are more pathetic. In such situation, Indus Future Foundation was formed in July 2011 and started functioning since August 2011.

**Registration:** IFF is a registered entity. It was registered under Society Act (1860) in December 29, 2011.

**Mandate:** IFF mandates to address various problems facing vulnerable and under privileged communities.

**Team:** IFF is led by full time Director and professional team with volunteers. The teams work a strategic unit which works as per strategic areas.

**Vision:** IFF envisioned a just and peaceful society where all human beings enjoy basic human rights without religious, racial, sexual and linguistic discrimination.

**Mission:** IFF facilitates social movement for people’s equal access to basic social services through delivering and advocating civic and political education, quality formal and non formal education, primary healthcare, disaster preparedness and grassroots economic empowerment.

**Membership and Affiliations:**

1. FANSA (Freshwater Action Network South Asia) a Key partner of FAN (Freshwater Action Network Global)
2. Water Supply & Sanitation Collaborative Council

**Partners and supporters:**

1. USAID/ The Asia Foundation
2. SCOPE
3. HRCP
4. Government of Sindh
5. Benazir Bhutto Shaheed Youth Development Programme
6. Aifailaan
3) Core Development Programs of IFF
Agriculture Extension:
Economy of every state depends on three sectors i.e. agriculture, industry and commerce. These three are interrelated with each other as the progress or retrogress of one sector definitely effects the other two. Pakistan is an agricultural state thus agriculture gains are of much importance than any other sector. Importance of this sector is manifold as it feeds people, provides raw material for industry and also is a base for foreign trade and investment. Therefore, there is a need to focus on this sector and introduce modern technologies to improve productivity and improve the lives of the segment engaged in.

Objectives:
1. To develop comprehensive agricultural mechanism to eradicate the soil erosion and improve the soil energy/ fertility;
2. To introduce modern agricultural technologies to overcome wastage and shortage of irrigation water, so that the per acre yield could be increased; and,
3. To establish Farmers Resource Centre for conducting research studies on the concerned issues as well as organizing and educating peasants/farmers to raise their voices for reviewing the existing policies and ensuring effective implementation of peasants’ friendly policies.

Climate Change
It is the world’s poorest people who are hardest hit by devastating droughts, floods and other extreme weather events. This is a massive injustice – climate change is caused by the world’s richest countries. Ways to tackle causes and effects of climate change are including;
1. Working with communities to reduce their vulnerability to the disasters made worse and more numerous by climate change, and to help them adapt to the longer term challenges which a changing climate pose.
2. Working with other organizations to share our learning of what works well and what can be done to make Programmes of work with poor communities even more effective.
3. Working with national and international bodies around the world to create and strengthen policies which reduce emissions and encourage funding and focus on adaptation to climate change.
4. Working with schools and teachers to encourage the delivery of effective, exciting climate change lessons which engage today's young people in the issues of climate change, creating a generation of global citizens who understand the impact of their actions on the environment and people around the world.
5. Launching and supporting campaigns designed to raise awareness of the impacts of climate change on vulnerable communities, and enabling them to take tangible action to support strong and urgent change at the local, national and international level.

Disaster Risk Reduction
Poverty, vulnerability and disasters are interlinked - it is most often the poorest that are worst affected and suffer most. Their poverty makes them more vulnerable. Their capacity to cope with disasters and recover from the effects is constrained by their lack of resources. But if those people are sufficiently prepared and enhanced their capacity to cope and recover quickly, then these droughts, floods and even earthquakes would not become disastrous.

Objectives:
1. To build capacity of the vulnerable communities to reduce the risk of disaster.
2. To facilitate public and private development organizations/ firms for designing development projects in line with future hazards.
3. Develop village level, district level DRR plan for most vulnerable communities in Pakistan.
**Water and Sanitation**

Realizing situation of water and sanitation, in September 2009, the government of Pakistan approved a National Drinking Water Policy and acknowledged to have access to safe drinking water as a basic human right and its responsibility to provide this for all its citizens without any discrimination.

**Objective**

1. To enable poor communities to access safe water by working with them to build new water sources or rehabilitate old facilities and help people to understand how unsafe water and poor sanitation spread disease.
2. To provide safe sanitation facilities to each individual (women, child and man) lives in Pakistan.
3. To educate people regarding National water and sanitation policies of Pakistan and make them to realize that safe drinking water and safe sanitation facilities are their basic human rights.

**Reproductive Health, HIV AIDS, Malaria and Tuberculosis**

Like other developing countries Pakistan is badly facing with reproductive health related problems and other highly infectious diseases like STIs, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, and tuberculosis. The key objectives to cope with such chronic diseases are as follows.

**Objectives:**

1. To create an enabling environment at policy and societal level for Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights in rural areas of Pakistan;
2. To institutionalize the Sexual and Reproductive Health education in education system as well as to promote client-centered SRHR services in health management system.
3. Strengthening the skills, talents and resources of local communities through participatory technical and organizational skills training
4. Targeting people and communities most at risk of contracting HIV
5. Developing and adapting technical and organizational skills training for people at all levels of education and literacy
6. Creating awareness among people regarding mortal effects of malaria and teaching people the preventive measures.
7. Supporting supervision and surveillance at the district and provincial levels and improving laboratory capacity
8. Conducting advocacy, communication, and social mobilization activities under the direction of sociologists and public-private partners

**Woman and Child Rights**

Woman has a key position at family and a nation but in society woman has not equal right as man. This society considers woman a decoration piece and does not allow woman to enjoy the rights, which nature as well as the United Nations recommended for her. Similarly, the condition of children is not good in the country and particular in Sindh province. Literacy ratio is less than 55%. There is much needed to work on child rights. Though, Pakistan is one of the signatory of Convention on the Rights of the Child but the condition of children in rural and urban Sindh is worst.

**Objectives:**

1. Advocacy, campaigning, lobbying and networking for women’s access to the rights accepted under CEDAW including participation in political process and making decisions.
2. Advocacy, campaigning, lobbying and networking for children’s accessibility to the rights accepted under CRC.

Governance, Gender equality and Advocacy are the cross cutting themes.
Geographical Focus:
Sindh

Priority District:

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Contact: +92-(0) 22-2650980
Email: info@indusfuture.org URL: www.indusfuture.org

Field Office:
Khorwah Road Bulri Shah Kareem, Taluka T. M. Khan
Village Rajo Nizamani, Tal & District T. M. Khan

Activities conducted:

1) Observed International Hand washing day 2012- organized event in a local primary school, mobilized and teach children and parents how to wash hands and be secure from germs.

2) Observed world Toilet Day 2012- Organized a dialogue programme to discuss the important of a toilet for respectful living and the status of safe sanitation in Pakistan and particularly in Sindh province.

3) Observed International Human Rights Day 2012- Organized a Rally and Signature campaign. Participated in WALK organized by civil society organizations of Hyderabad.

4) Conducted rapid damage and loss assessment of Jaffarabad and Shikarpur district 2012.

5) Focus Group Discussions with Farmers in Tando Allahyar District.

6) Focus Group Discussion with youth at Wahi - Pandhi Taluka Johi District Dadu.

7) Awareness session on reproductive Health at Village Rajo Nizamani, Bulri Shah Karim, Tando Saindah, Baqir Nizamani

8) Awareness Session on HIV/AIDS at Qasimabad Hyderabad

9) Established two skill development center for Women at Village Rajo Nizamani and Bulri Shah Karim Distt. T. M. Khan

Staff:

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<tr>
<td>Paid</td>
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Key Management Details:

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<tr>
<th>Sr.</th>
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<th>Qualification</th>
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<tbody>
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